Results from the Implementation of Culturally-relevant Engineering Design Curriculum for the Navajo Nation and Future Directions

Dr. Shawn S. Jordan, Arizona State University, Polytechnic campus

SHAWN JORDAN, Ph.D. is an Associate Professor of engineering in the Ira A. Fulton Schools of Engineering at Arizona State University. He teaches context-centered electrical engineering and embedded systems design courses, and studies the use of context in both K-12 and undergraduate engineering design education. He received his Ph.D. in Engineering Education (2010) and M.S./B.S. in Electrical and Computer Engineering from Purdue University. Dr. Jordan is PI on several NSF-funded projects related to design, including an NSF Early CAREER Award entitled ”CAREER: Engineering Design Across Navajo Culture, Community, and Society” and ”Might Young Makers be the Engineers of the Future?,” and is a Co-PI on the NSF Revolutionizing Engineering Departments grant ”Additive Innovation: An Educational Ecosystem of Making and Risk Taking.” He was named one of ASEE PRISM’s ”20 Faculty Under 40” in 2014, and received a Presidential Early Career Award for Scientists and Engineers from President Obama in 2017.

Ms. Courtney A. Betoney, Arizona State University, Polytechnic campus

Courtney Betoney is from Ganado, Arizona and is studying Mechanical Engineering Systems at Arizona State University. Since January 2014, Courtney has been an undergraduate researcher for Engineering Design Across Navajo Culture, Community, and Society. She has enjoyed the opportunity to collaborate within the engineering community and now hopes to continue towards a graduate degree for Mechanical Engineering.

Ms. Tyrine Jamella Duenas Pangan, Arizona State University, Polytechnic

TYRINE JAMELLA PANGAN is a senior majoring in Software Engineering at Arizona State University with a primary focus in Embedded Systems and a secondary focus in Social Entrepreneurship. She is a member of Barrett, the Honors College, a Broadening the Reach of Engineering through Community Engagement (BRECE) Scholar, and a participant in the National Academy of Engineering (NAE)’s Grand Challenge Scholars Program (GCSP) with a research theme in Education. She intends on pursuing a Ph.D. in Engineering Education after finishing her undergrad.

Ieshya Anderson, Arizona State University

Ieshya Anderson is Naakëtł’áhí (Tohono O’odham), born for Tl’áashchí’í. Her cheii is Naakëtł’áhí and her náli is Tódích’éííi. Ieshya graduated from Arizona State University, Ira A. Fulton Schools of Engineering with a Bachelor of Science in Engineering, emphasis in electrical systems. She is pursuing her PhD in Engineering Education Systems and Design at Arizona State University. Ieshya also continues to work with Dr. Shawn Jordan to develop engineering design curricula for middle school students on the Navajo reservation and facilitates Dr. Jordan’s STEAM Machines qualification outreach camps across the Navajo Nation with the ambition to expand to Tohono O’odham Nation.

Mr. J. A. Fernandez, Arizona State University
**Executive Summary:** Results from the implementation of culturally-relevant engineering design curriculum for the Navajo Nation and future directions

The purpose of this ongoing research is to study the intersection of Navajo culture and engineering design and use the results to develop culturally-relevant engineering design curriculum for middle schools in the Navajo Nation (Jordan, 2015). A design-based research approach (Design-Based Research Collective, 2003) is being used to develop curriculum and instruments, test curriculum, analyze data, and modify curriculum, repeating the process several times for continuous improvement.

**Pilot 1: 2017 School Year**
An initial curriculum pilot was conducted in 2017, where four curriculum modules were tested: (1) Introduction to Engineering Design, (2) Solution Dissection, (3) Distance Between the Sacred Mountains: A Lesson in Scale and Proportion, and (4) The Great Animal Escape: Portable Livestock Corral Design Project. Descriptions of these curriculum modules are in (Jordan et al., 2017). The curriculum was piloted with 59 students and two teachers across two middle schools on the Navajo Nation. Pilot results showed that students:

1. Had a better understanding of what engineers do
2. Knew what they needed to learn to become an engineer
3. Are aware of how their Navajo values and teachings can be used to better solve engineering problems
4. Are aware how the engineering process relates to the way that the students think as Navajo
5. Are aware how engineering can provide solutions for future generations of Navajo
6. See how their experiences growing up in the Navajo Nation would be helpful to them as engineers.

The primary concern expressed by students was that engineering requires too much paperwork, and therefore they were less interested in pursuing engineering as a career.

**Current Progress: Pilot 2: 2018 School Year**
In this design-based research study, results from the first pilot were used to create improved versions of the existing curriculum modules and to inform the development of several new curriculum modules that were piloted in spring 2018. The modules are:

1. *Future Chapter Presidents.* In this lesson, students invent their futures while learning about Navajo governmental mechanisms by learning about and running for Chapter President within their classrooms.

2. *Identifying a Project Goal and Creating a Prototype.* In this lesson, students take their Chapter President campaign ideas, identify a problem in the community that could be solved using engineering design, define constraints and criteria, brainstorm ideas, select a solution, and create a cardboard prototype of a solution to the problem.

3. *Introduction to the Engineering Profession.* In this lesson, students are introduced to the profession of engineering through the people who are engineers. Stories of Navajo engineers and the impact they make are shared, and students are asked to reflect on their
own motivations as they explore potential career pathways.

4. **Solving a Problem with the Scientific Method and the Diné Engineering Design Process.** In this lesson, students learn about and explain differences between the scientific method and the engineering design process, and then conduct hypothetical investigations using the different methods.

5. **Size of the Sacred Mountains: A Lesson in Scale and Proportion.** In this lesson, students learn the definition of scale, ratio, and proportion, and apply these concepts to calculating the distance between the sacred mountains and their hometown.

6. **Engineering Design Process Solution Dissection.** In this lesson, students step through an example engineering design process solution of different types of Navajo pottery.

7. **The Great Animal Escape: Portable Livestock Corral Design Project.** In this lesson, students design, build, and test scale models of portable livestock corrals using the engineering design process.

8. **Cultural Geometry of the Hogan.** In this lesson, students use knowledge of the Navajo Hogan (a traditional home) and apply geometry to calculate the area and volume of the octagon-shaped structure. They will also build a scale model of a Hogan that will be used in the last two lessons.

9. **Hogan Heat Transfer.** In this lesson, students learn about different types of heat transfer and apply their knowledge to test different types of insulation added to a scale model of a Hogan built in lesson 8.

10. **Bringing Electricity to the Remote Hogan: An Introduction to Photovoltaic System Design.** In this lesson, students will learn how to add solar power to their scale model Hogans. They will first learn about basic series and parallel circuits using paper circuits, and then learn how to measure voltage using a digital multimeter. Then, they will learn about the parts of a solar energy system and finally design and build a solar system for their scale model hogans that charges batteries and lights an LED.

**Next Steps**
Following the 2018 curriculum pilot, the curriculum will continue to be improved and additional curriculum modules will be added to build an even more robust culturally-relevant engineering design curriculum.

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References
